

# Web Components/Angular Elements/Microfrontends

## Custom Elements, Shadow DOM, NgElement, createCustomElement, App Shell, Architecture

Full stack developers have been successfully using microservices server-side for a few years and now they would like to apply that architecture client-side, an approach known as microfrontends. In some ways microfrontends are similar to microservices: a clear need to break up a monolith application, allow different parts of a large app to evolve and be deployed at their own pace, perhaps using distinct foundational technologies. In other ways, they are different: microservices can run separately in data centers on a (e.g. Kubernetes) container cluster, whereas we wish a set of microfrontends to run isolated in a web browser

and yet appear to end-users to be a single integrated interactive application, with some shared capabilities. In this specialist course we first review W3C Web Components - a set of standards that allow components to be produced and consumed by different web frameworks (or different versions of the same framework). Then we look at Angular Elements, which allows the construction of web components using Angular. Then we explore microfrontends - what are they, how to best build them using Angular Elements, how to host them (app shell) & how to design large-scale web applications using them.

<b>Contents of One-Day Training Course</b>	
<p><b>Target Audience</b> Experienced Angular developers working on large Angular projects who wish to compose them out of microfrontends.</p> <p><b>Prerequisites</b> Full stack developers with good all-round experience of Angular 7.2.</p> <p>Awareness of role of containers and microservices for server-side development highly relevant.</p>	<p><b>Overview</b> What are we trying to achieve? Dividing an app into dynamic components * Standards - W3C Web Components * Implementation - Angular Elements * Design approach - Microfrontends</p> <p><b>W3C Custom Elements</b> Create your own HTML elements Attribute, properties, events New CustomElementRegistry How we can use them for microfrontends</p> <p><b>W3C Shadow DOM</b> Shadow tree and light tree Angular <a href="#">ViewEncapsulation.ShadowDOM</a> (note: Native is deprecated)</p> <p><b>Support Features: Slots, HTML Templates/Custom Events</b> Relevant additional HTML/DOM features that modern browsers support</p> <p><b>Composability in Angular</b> Angular dynamic components Lazy loading &amp; extensibility Specialist use of NgModules</p> <p><b>Angular Elements Intro</b> NgElement, ngBootstrap() createCustomElement() Content projection (new in Elements v7)</p> <p><b>Advanced Angular Elements</b> Build process Managing element lifecycle / evolution Loading a library containing elements Review of <a href="#">Angular Elements' source tree</a> Importance of Render3/Ivy [Angular 8]</p> <p><b>Microfrontend Architecture</b> What microservices brings to server app How best to apply idea client-side Microfrontend = large (somewhat contained) slice of interactive app Critical to make group of them appear as as a single integrated app</p> <p><b>Building Microfrontends</b> Structuring microfrontends Source layout Expected classes and interfaces Design patterns</p> <p><b>App Shell</b> Microfrontends have to live within a shell Custom app shell hosts microfrontends What capabilities it could offer: notification – recently used-quick links-app discovery</p> <p><b>Microfrontends and ..</b> Routing Internationali[z]s]ation Security / Styling Sharing widgets</p> <p><b>Browser Containers</b> Interesting idea: containers in the browser <a href="#">containers = namespaces + cgroups</a> How best to bring idea to browser [polyfill] Hosting microfrontend in browser container</p> <p><b>Project</b> Bringing together everything covered in this course, we conclude with a review of a substantial project that uses microfrontends, based on Angular Elements</p>